

J. L. TURNER, H. M. BRYCE, E. L. CARDEN, N. R. McDANIEL, F. B. SELMAN, F. E. GARRETT, C. C. CARLTON, K. C. SHORT, M. H. HOLLINGSWORTH, J. T. EASON, M. E. RUF, AND W. H. HEARN²

VEGETABLE VARIETY and breeding line trials were conducted during 1981 at the Gulf Coast Substation, Fairhope, Chilton Area Horticulture Substation, Clanton, North Alabama Horticulture Substation, Cullman, Sand Mountain Substation, Crossville, and E. V. Smith Research Center, Shorter. All trials were conducted in randomized complete block designs with four replications. Non-replicated observational plantings were also made of selected varieties and lines of

tomato. Recommended weed control practices and fertilizer rates and applications were used for each crop and location. Recommended insect and disease control measures were applied on a regular schedule throughout the growing season. Irrigation, where available, was applied when needed.

RESULTS

Slicing Cucumbers

CULLMAN. Twelve entries were grown in cooperation with the Southern Cooperative slicing cucumber trial. Seed were planted in 44-inch rows May 12 and plants were thinned to 6 inches in the drill. Twelve harvests were made, beginning June 29 and ending July 27. Rainfall was inadequate during July, a month when temperatures were extremely hot. These environmental conditions probably influenced the performance of some entries through low yields of the fancy grade and reduced total marketable yields. Sprint

ALABAMA AGRICULTURAL EXPERIMENT STATION/AUBURN UNIVERSITY

Gale A. Buchanan, Director



Auburn University, Alabama

¹Data presented in this report represent an unbiased evaluation of each entry. Variety, company, and chemical names are used for identification and do not imply endorsement of one over the other. Seed of breeding lines are not available for planting until named and re-

²Respectively, Research Associate and Field Superintendent, Department of Horticulture; Superintendent, Associate Superintendent, and Assistant Superintendent, Gulf Coast Substation; State Department of Agriculture and Industries (retired); Superintendent and Assistant Superintendent, Chilton Area Horticulture Substation; Superintendent and Associate Superintendent, Sand Mountain Substation; and Senior Systems Analyst, Department of Research Data Analysis.

440S produced the highest total marketable yield, table 1. Dasher produced the highest yield of fancy grade fruits and Poinsett 76 produced the lowest. Breeding lines G8M and XP 1187 produced good yields of total marketable and fancy fruits. Average fruit weight, length, and diameter were good for all entries. Although Sprint 440S was the highest yielding, it produced only fair skin color and uniformity of fruit. Marketmore 72NB and Marketsett were rated excellent for color, uniformity of fruit, and vine vigor. Sprint 440S was the only entry rated early for harvest season. This could account for the high yield and may suggest that this variety is tolerant to adverse mid-summer enviromental conditions.

Potatoes

FAIRHOPE. Seed potatoes were obtained from Frito-Lay Company (Baldwin County, Alabama); Rodney Schmidt, Saline, Minnesota; Starks Farms in Wisconsin; and the USDA, Beltsville, Maryland, for the 1981 trial. Varieties were planted February 24 and harvested June 2. Both sources of Belchip were the highest yielding entries, table 2. This variety has performed well at Fairhope. While it does not produce a high specific gravity potato in most years, it does have good chipping qualities. Atlantic, an attractive white skin variety, produced potatoes with the highest specific gravity of all the entries. This variety is well adapted for fresh market and processing production. When temperatures are extremely hot during and just prior to harvest, Atlantic has a tendency to develop internal browning. Early harvest can prevent this problem in most situations. FL 1221, 1152, and 1291 produced good yields, and FL 1221 potatoes also had a high specific gravity. Russet Sebago was outstanding for production but somewhat poor for specific gravity. Red La Soda remains the most productive and adapted red skin potato for Alabama. While the yields were somewhat low this year, this red skin variety has performed well over the years as a fresh market potato. La Chipper, Denali, and Superior are white skin varieties that are well adapted to the Baldwin County potato area. A high specific gravity was recorded for Denali.

CROSSVILLE. Varieties were planted March 9 and harvested July 7. Red La Soda, from two sources, was the highest yielding variety, table 3. Red La Soda has consistently been among the top yielding varieties in the Sand Mountain Substation potato trials and remains the best red skin variety for this area. FL 657, Atlantic, and FL 1221 were the highest yielding white skin varieties. Atlantic produces high specific gravity potatoes that are ideal for processing and fresh market. Denali produced a good marketable yield of high solids potatoes. Wisconsin 760 produced the highest specific gravity of all the entries. This line, from the University of Wisconsin, has performed well for the past 2 years. All of the entries produced a high percentage of size A potatoes. FL 1152 (Frito-Lay), Red La Soda, and Denali (Starks Farms) produced the highest stand count at harvest.

Sweet Potatoes

SHORTER. Seed potatoes were treated for 1 minute in a solution containing 8 ounces of Mertect 340 F and ½ pound of Botran 75 wp in 7½ gallons of water, before bedding in an electrically heated bed. Plants were grown at the E. V. Smith Research Center, transplanted May 21, and harvested October 13. Travis, a new release from LSU, was the highest yielding entry, table 4. Travis produces excessive amounts of large size roots when grown for more than 100-120 days. This variety can be harvested for early market. Travis is smooth and has an attractive copper skin. Jewel produced the highest yield of No. 1 roots and was second to Travis for total yield. Jewel is well adapted to most sweet potato growing areas of Alabama and produces smooth copper skin roots. Red Jewel, which is similar to Jewel in production and root characteristics, has performed best in Coastal Plains soils. Porto Rico LSU, an orange flesh selection, has produced good yields of marketable roots over the past 3 years. However, this variety is highly susceptible to fusarium wilt disease. Caution should be exercised in growing this variety on soils where fusarium wilt disease is known to exist. Carver and Ti 100 are similar in root type and skin color. Both of these varieties tend to produce long slender roots with dark copper skin. Both varieties have a deep orange flesh color. Centennial is an attractive copper skin potato with a deep orange flesh color. While it did not yield well this year, in most years it is among the top yielding varieties.

Tomatoes

FAIRHOPE. Seed were planted in the greenhouse at Auburn University February 26, and transplanted April 6 at a 15-inch spacing in 5-foot rows. Ten harvests were made beginning June 1 and ending July 9. Early Cascade was the highest yielding entry in the replicated trial, table 5. This variety, in the Clanton and Cullman trials, produced fruits too small for marketable sizes, and in the Fairhope trial over half of its yield graded into small (6 x 7) fruits. Flora-Dade, a jointless and race 2 Fusarium resistant variety, produced the highest yield of the shipping varieties. Terrific VFN and Bonnie Nematode Resistant are early maturing nematode resistant home garden varieties. Big Girl and Four Way Hybrid produced the highest yields of large (5 x 6) fruits, and Flora-Dade the highest yield of medium (6 x 6) fruits. Better Boy VFN produced the highest vield of culls.

Among the observational entries, Calypso produced the highest total marketable yield. Winner produced the highest yield of large (5 x 6) fruits, and Baron produced the highest yield of medium (6 x 6) fruits. Sunny (XPH 674), a new release from Asgrow, has produced well for the past 3 years. The first harvest for Count, Walter PF, and Winner was 10 days later than for the other entries, table 6. Eleven varieties reached their peak harvest date on June 16 and five of these continued peak harvest yields through June 23. Nine varieties began peak harvest yields on June 23 and six of

these continued with peak harvest yields through July 2. Early Cascade and Four Way Hybrid were the latest varieties to reach peak harvest.

Data on plant heights and fruit characteristics for the Fairhope trial, table 7, show that Big Girl and Better Boy VFN were the tallest growing and Baron the shortest growing variety. All varieties were red fruited except for Early Cascade, which had mixed fruit of pink and red color. Flora-Dade, Count, Walter PF, Walter, and Sunny produced globe-shaped fruits. Early Cascade produced mixed fruit shapes. Terrific VFN, Bonnie Nematode Resistant, and Better Boy VFN produced soft fruits. All the other entries were very firm or firm. All entries were rated smooth to slightly rough except XP 2041. Eleven varieties were rated as commercial shipping types and all others were rated for home garden or roadside and other direct marketing use.

CLANTON. Seed were planted in the greenhouse at Auburn University March 3, and transplanted April 13 at a 15-inch spacing in 8-foot rows. Seven harvests were made beginning June 23 and ending August 6. Early Cascade produced the highest yield of marketable fruits, table 8, but most of its yield was small fruits between 1 and 2 inches in diameter. No size arrangement could be made. Sunny was the highest yielding large-fruited variety. It also produced the highest yield of large (5 x 6), medium (6 x 6), and small (6 x 7) size fruits. Marketable yields of the other varieties at Clanton were fair to poor. High quantities of culls were produced this year from cracks and fruits that were too small for acceptable market sizes. Extremely hot temperatures occurred during fruit development and perhaps contributed to the high amounts of culls. All varieties reached peak harvest on June 23, June 30, or July 7 except for Duke, table 9. Tempo, Bigset, Bonnie Nematode Resistant, Calypso, Floramerica, Count, Walter Villemarie, and Contessa reached peak harvest on the first harvest. This early peak harvest perhaps reflects the adverse hot climatic conditions that existed this year at Clanton. Sunny, Flora-Dade, Calypso, Four Way Hybrid, Count, Walter Villemarie, and Duke were rated as commercial shipping varieties, table 10. These varieties also can be used for either home garden or roadside and other direct marketing.

CULLMAN. Seed were planted in the greenhouse at Auburn University March 27, and plants were transplanted April 29 at a 15-inch spacing in 5-foot rows. Fifteen harvests were made beginning July 7 and ending August 14. Eighteen replicated varieties and eight

observational entries were planted, table 11. In the replicated trial, Flora-Dade, Sunny, Bonnie Nematode Resistant, Tempo, 7718 VF, and Calypso produced above 500 hundredweights of marketable fruit. Variety 7718 VF produced the highest yield of large (5 x 6) fruits, Flora-Dade the highest yield of medium (6 x 6) fruits, and AU 76 FMN produced the highest yield of small (6 x 7) fruits. All the other varieties produced good marketable yields. Total cull weights were somewhat high and may reflect the extreme heat occurring during June and July. Cracks, catfacing, and other blemishes accounted for most of the cull yield. Blossom end-rot was low for all varieties except Big Girl and Contessa.

In the observational entries, PSR 38179 produced the highest total marketable yield and the highest yield of large (5 x 6) fruits in both tests. XP 2032 A and Roadside Red also produced good yields of marketable fruits. Roadside Red produced the highest yield of medium (6 x 6) and small (6 x 7) fruits. Culls were also high for the observational entries, with cracks, catfacing, and others accounting for most of the culls. All observational entries produced low yields of blossom end-rot except PSR 20878 and XP 2032 A.

Early Cascade was the earliest maturing variety, table 12. It also reached peak yields first and continued producing peak yields for three harvest dates, July 14, 17, and 20. The first harvest for Sunny, Tempo, and Floramerica was July 17, later than all of the other varieties. Eleven varieties reached peak harvest on July 27 and some continued for two or more harvest dates. Sunny had a peak harvest for four harvest dates, more than any other variety. Early Cascade was harvested over the entire harvest period. Spring Set Hybrid had the shortest harvest period of all entries.

Big Girl produced the tallest plant type and Baron the shortest, table 13. All varieties produced red colored fruits except Early Cascade, which produced fruits that were mixed red and pink. Fruit shape was variable for the different varieties. Fruit firmness was rated into three categories by examination and feel of each variety at pink and/or red ripe maturity. Eye appeal was rated by the overall appearance of fruit before sizing and grading were done.

Varieties were also rated for their potential use in home gardens, roadside markets, and other direct marketing or commercial shipping. Those designated "3" would have potential for all three uses. However, entries rated home garden and roadside use ("1" and "2") should be studied carefully before any plantings for shipping are made.

Table 1. Yield, Maturity, and Fruit and Plant Characteristics for Slicing Cucumber Variety Trial, Cullman, Spring 1981¹

	Marke	table yiel	ld/acre	A				TT :C ::			Chand
Variety and seed source	Fancy ²	Total ³	Fancy of total	Average fruit weight	Length	Diameter	r Color	Uniformity of fruit	Vine vigor	Harvest ⁴ season	Stand at harvest
	Cwt.	Cwt.	Pct.	Lb.	In.	In.					Pct.
Sprint 440S (Asgrow)	196	463	42	0.40	7.0	1.8	Fair	Fair	Excellent	E	87
G8M (Harris)	199	404	49	.46	6.7	1.7	Excellent	Fair	Excellent	M	75
Dasher (Petoseed)	221	386	57	.40	7.1	1.8	Fair	Excellent	Excellent	M	87
XP 1187 (Asgrow)	160	350	46	.39	6.7	1.8	Fair	Fair	Good	L	88
Centurion (Northrup King) . Marketmore 72 NB	138	318	43	.43	6.9	1.7	Excellent	Excellent	Good	L	73
(Dessert)	132	316	42	.44	6.6	1.7	Excellent	Excellent	Excellent	M	85
NCX 5505 (Moran)	153	308	50	.39	6.7	1.6	Good	Good	Excellent	M	92
Medalist (Harris)	139	242	57	.36	6.4	1.7	Excellent	Fair	Excellent	M	83
Pointmarket (Hollar)	105	219	48	.31	6.7	1.6	Excellent	Good	Good	L	73
Guardian (Northrup King) .	118	194	61	.38	7.1	1.8	Excellent	Good	Excellent	M	78
Marketsett (Hollar)	102	186	55	.36	7.3	1.5	Excellent	Excellent	Excellent	M	88
Poinsett 76 (Dessert)	50	123	41	.40	6.0	1.6	Excellent	Good	Good	L	48

¹Soil test: P=300 (VH); K=190 (H); pH=5.4; 2 tons limestone applied per acre.

²Fancy = cucumbers that were straight, well shaped, and had good green color distribution over the fruit.

³Some fruits in the total marketable were slightly misshapen and did not have a uniform green color distribution.

⁴E=early; M=mid season; L = late.

Table 2. Yield, Specific Gravity, and Stand Count for Potato Variety Trial, Fairhope, 1981¹

Variety and	Mar	ketable yield	acre	Size A	Specific ³	Stand at
seed source	Total	Size A ²	Size B	of total	gravity	harvest
	Cwt.	Cwt.	Cwt.	Pct.	1-12 m	Pct.
Belchip (USDA)	266	259	7	97	1.062	95
Belchip (Starks Farms)	255	247	8	97	.066	87
Atlantic (Starks Farms)	249	242	7	97	.075	90
FL 1221 (Frito Lay)	235	228	7	97	.070	88
FL 1152 (Frito Lay)	235	228	7	97	.061	90
FL 1291 (Frito Lay)	210	202	8	96	.066	89
Russet Sebago (Starks Farms)	209	203	6	97	.059	88
Red La Soda (Rodney Schmidt, Minn.)	191	185	6	97	.059	89
Red La Soda (Starks Farms)	186	177	9	95	.059	89
La Chipper (Starks Farms)	183	175	8	96	.063	86
Denali (Starks Farms)	154	147	7	95	.070	83
Superior (Starks Farms)	140	133	7	95	.066	94

 $^1\mathrm{Soil}$ test: P = 100 (M); K = 110 (H); pH = 6.1. $^2\mathrm{Size}$ A = potatoes with 1% inches diameter and larger; size B = potatoes with 1½ to 1% inches diameter. $^3\mathrm{Specific}$ gravity was greater than 1.0 for each variety.

Table 3. Yield, Specific Gravity, and Stand Count for Potato Variety Trial, Crossville, 1981¹

Variety and	Mar	ketable yield	acre	Size A	Specific ³	Stand at
seed source	Total	Size A ²	Size B	of total	gravity	harvest
	Cwt.	Cwt.	Cwt.	Pct.		Pct.
Red La Soda (Rodney Schmidt, Minn.)	317	301	16	95	1.062	85
Red La Soda (Starks Farms)	289	277	12	96	.059	95
FL 657 (Frito Lay)	253	246	7	97	.059	90
Atlantic (Starks Farms)	243	234	9	96	.082	85
FL 1221 (Frito Lay)	242	232	10	96	.070	90
Denali (Starks Farms)	226	217	9	96	.081	94
Kennebec	225	219	6	97	.066	86
Belchip (Starks Farms)	223	216	7	97	.068	83
FL 1291 (Frito Lay)	220	207	13	94	.069	88
La Chipper (Starks Farms)	200	188	12	94	.069	92
FL 162 (Frito Lay)	193	184	9	95	.064	89
Wis 760 (U. Wisconsin, Rhinelander)	193	184	9	95	.085	89
Superior (Starks Farms)	190	183	7	96	.068	89
FL 1152 (Frito Lay)	180	170	10	94	.056	96
Russet Sebago (Starks Farms)	125	116	9	93	.054	69

 $^1\mathrm{Soil}$ test: P = 230 (VH); K = 180 (H); pH = 5.5. $^2\mathrm{Size}$ A = potatoes with 1% inches diameter and larger; size B = potatoes with 1½ to 1% inches diameter. $^3\mathrm{Specific}$ gravity was greater than 1.0 for each variety.

TABLE 4. YIELD AND SKIN COLOR FOR SWEET POTATO VARIETY TRIAL, SHORTER, 19811

Variety and		Marketa	ble yield/acr	е	Percent	Culls	Cracks	Skin
seed source	Total	No. 1's2	Canners	Jumbos	No. 1's	Cuits	Clacks	color
	$Bu.^3$	Bu.	Bu.	Bu.	Pct.	Bu.	Bu.	
Travis (LSU, Chase)	815	202	27	586	25	8	173	Copper
Jewel (Auburn)	601	424	62	115	71	0	29	Copper
Red Jewel (Auburn)	508	316	63	129	62	33	74	Red
Porto Rico (LSU, Chase)	368	261	41	66	71	46	61	Light tan
Carver (Tuskegee Institute)	331	232	78	21	70	7	28	Dark copper
Ti 100 (Tuskegee Institute)	330	230	93	7	70	15	0	Dark copper
Centennial (Auburn)	305	203	30	72	67	37	28	Copper

 1 Soil test: P = 140 (H); K = 160 (H); pH = 5.3. One ton limestone applied per acre. 2 US No. 1—roots 2 to $3\frac{1}{2}$ inches in diameter, length 3 to 9 inches, well shaped and free of defects.

Canners—roots 1 to 2 inches in diameter, 2 to 7 inches in length.

Jumbo or oversize—roots that exceed the diameter, length, and weight requirements of the above two grades, but are of marketable quality.

Culls—roots 1 inch or larger in diameter and so misshapen or unattractive that they could not fit as marketable root in any of the above three grades.

³Bushel = 50 pounds.

TABLE 5. YIELDS FOR STAKED FRESH MARKET TOMATO TRIAL, FAIRHOPE¹

							Cu	lls		
Variety and	N	Iarketable	yield/acr	e ²		Pct. of		0.1	pl	
seed source	Total ³	5×6^4	6 × 6	6 × 7	Total	total yield	Cracks	Cat- face	Blossom end-rot	Others!
n !]	Cwt.	Cwt.	Cwt.	Cwt.	Cwt.	Pct.	Pct.	Pct.	Pct.	Pct.
Replicated	FOC	140	100	220	00	-	0	10	40	07
Early Cascade (Petoseed)	596	148	128	320	33	5	9	16	48	27
Flora-Dade (Asgrow)	581	377	147	57	33	7	25	35	8	32
Terrific VFN (Petoseed)	553	443	93	17	79	13	35	37	22	6
Tempo (Asgrow)	546	399	105	42	61	10	21	48	8	23
Bonnie Nematode Resistant (Bonnie										
Farms)	543	367	138	38	67	15	35	36	17	12
Floradel (Asgrow)	543	416	107	20	61	13	37	21	34	8
Count (Petoseed)	540	339	141	61	38	10	14	19	35	32
Walter PF (U. Florida)	538	345	144	49	43	7	30	43	10	17
Four Way Hybrid (Four Way Farms)	527	466	47	14	58	10	37	36	17	10
Walter (Asgrow)	517	344	137	36	78	13	34	49	9	8
Big Girl (Burpee)	510	469	34	7	87	15	24	41	33	8 2
Floramerica (Petoseed)	498	400	71	27	67	12	9	67	9	15
Duke (Petoseed)	476	385	74	17	91	16	24	47	18	11
AU 76 FMN (Auburn U.)	476	293	131	52	55	10	23	27	15	35
Tamiami (Petoseed)	467	311	115	41	74	14	20	50	9	21
Better Boy VFN (Petoseed)	453	418	27	8	117	20	44	31	19	6
Walter Villemarie (Petoseed)	449	294	113	42	60	12	23	54	9	14
Waiter Vinemarie (Petoseed)	440	204	110	42	00	12	20	04	9	14
Observational										
Calypso (Petoseed)	581	429	108	44	49	7	17	60	8	15
Winner (Asgrow)	555	458	76	21	95	15	36	36	16	12
Sunny (Asgrow)	508	381	94	33	49	9	4	41	45	10
XP 2041 (Asgrow)	475	365	89	20	33	6	0	64	22	14
		268	121					39	39	
Baron (Petoseed)	440		67	51	20 75	15	6			16
Contessa (Petoseed)	418	334	01	17	15	15	14	18	59	9

¹Soil test: P=180 (H); K=140 (H); pH=6.0.

²Size yields reported here are in accordance with the size standards established by the USDA for the Los Angeles type lug arrangements. 5 x 6 arrangement: minimum diameter 2 11/16 inches, maximum diameter 3 3/16 inches. 6 x 6 arangement: minimum diameter 2 8/16 inches, maximum diameter 2 14/16 inches.

⁶ x 7 arrangement: minimum diameter 2 4/16 inches, maximum diameter 2 10/16 inches.

3While fruits were graded as carefully as possible under field conditions, no rigid effort was made to grade for a strict U.S. No. 1 grade. Fruits were separated for cull conditions as reported above.

4Some fruits in this size arrangement were larger than standard sizes.

5Others were mostly tomatoes too small to be marketed in the above sizes. Some were culled because of rots, insect damage, mechanical

damage, and misshapen fruits.

TABLE 6. HARVEST DATES FOR STAKED FRESH MARKET TOMATO TRIAL, FAIRHOPE, 1981

Variety and					Harves	t dates1				
seed source	6/1	6/5	6/10	6/12	6/16	6/19	6/23	6/26	7/2	7/9
Replicated										
Carly Cascade (Petoseed)									-x-	
Flora-Dade (Asgrow)						1	-x-	— x —	-x-	
Cerrific VFN (Petoseed)										a a air
empo (Asgrow)										
loradel (Asgrow)					Λ		x _	- x -	v	
Count (Petoseed)										
Valter PF (U. Florida)								— x —		
our Way Hybrid (Four Way Farms)									-x-	-
Valter (Asgrow)										
ig Girl (Burpee)										
Cloramerica (Petoseed)			Table 1							
Ouke (Petoseed)										
'amiami (Petoseed)					x	x	^^			
Better Boy VFN (Petoseed)					X	x	x			
Valter Villemarie (Petoseed)							$-\ddot{x}$ -	— x —	-x-	
Observational										
Calypso (Petoseed)										
Vinner (Asgrow)								— X —		
unny (Asgrow)										
aron (Petoseed)										
Contessa (Petoseed)										

¹X means peak harvest date, the date at which the highest yield occurred. In some varieties, yield was approximately the same for two or three

TABLE 7. PLANT HEIGHT AND FRUIT CHARACTERISTICS OF TOMATO VARIETIES, FAIRHOPE, 1981

Variety and	Plant	Frui	t characteri	istic	Eve	Suggested
seed source	height	Color	Shape ¹	Firmness ²	appeal ³	use4
	In.					
Replicated		Mixed				
Early Cascade (Petoseed)	54	red & pink	5	2	1	1.2
Flora-Dade (Asgrow)	34	Red	1	1	1	3
Terrific VFN (Petoseed)	51	Red	2	3	2	1
Tempo (Asgrow)	37	Red	2	1	1	3
Bonnie Nematode Resistant (Bonnie Farms)	38	Red	2	3	2	1
Floradel (Asgrow)	48	Red	3	1	ī	1,2
Count (Petoseed)	36	Red	1	i	î	3
Walter PF (U. Florida)	39	Red	1	ī	î	3
Four Way Hybrid (Four Way Farms)		Red	2	î	î	3
Walter (Asgrow)	35	Red	ī	î	2	3
Big Girl (Burpee)	59	Red	2	2	2	1,2
Floramerica (Petoseed)	31	Red	2	2	2	1,2
Duke (Petoseed)	31	Red	2	ī	1	3
AU 76 FMN (Auburn U.)	48	Red	2 2	9	i	1,2
Tamiami (Petoseed)	33	Red	2	2	2	1,2
Better Boy VFN (Petoseed)	57	Red	2	3	2 2	1,2
Walter Villemarie (Petoseed)	33	Red	2	1	2	1,2
	00	ned	2	1	2	3
Observational						
Calypso (Petoseed)	33	Red	2.	1	- 2	3
Winner (Asgrow)	36	Red	3	2	2	1
Sunny (Asgrow)	36	Red	1	1	2	3
XP 2041 (Asgrow)	27	Red	9	2	3	1
Baron (Petoseed)	20	Red	2	1	9	3
Contessa (Petoseed)	39	Red	2	2	2	10

¹Shape rating: 1 = globe, 2 = deep globe, 3 = oblate, 4 = deep oblate, 5 = mixed.
²Firmness rating: 1 = very firm, 2 = firm, 3 = soft.
³Appearance rating: 1 = smooth, 2 = slightly rough, 3 = rough.
⁴Use rating: 1 = home garden, 2 = roadside and other direct marketing, 3 = commercial shipping.

Table 10. Plant Height and Fruit Characteristics of Tomato Varieties, Clanton, 1981

Variety and	Plant		Fruit		Eye	Suggested
seed source	height	Color	Shape ¹	Firmness ²	appeal ³	use ⁴
	In.					
Sunny (Asgrow)	33	Red	2	2	1	3
Flora-Dade (U. Florida)	36	Red	2	1	1	3
Гетро (Asgrow)	33	Red	2	2	2	1.2
Bigset (Petoseed)	30	Red	3	2	2	1
Bonnie Nematode Resistant (Bonnie Farms)	38	Red	2	3	2	1
Calypso (Petoseed)	29	Red	1	2	1	3
Floramerica (Petoseed)	33	Red	2	3	1	1.2
Our Way Hybrid (Four Way Farms)	53	Red	1	2	1	3
Count (Petoseed)	40	Red	2	1	1	3
Better Boy VFN (Petoseed)	55	Red	3	3	2	12
Walter Villemarie (Petoseed)	33	Red	2	1	ī	3
Contessa (Petoseed)	49	Red	3	2	î	12
'amiami (Petoseed)	2.7	Red	2	2	2	12
Vinner (Asgrow)	38	Red	2	2	2	12
Duke (Petoseed)	29	Red	2	2	ī	3
Carly Cascade (Petoseed)	56	Mixed	5	2	1	19
any Cascade (1 ctosecu)	00	red & pink	0	2	1	1,2

TABLE 11. YIELDS FOR STAKED FRESH MARKET TOMATO TRIAL, CULLMAN, 1981¹

Variety and	Ma	rketable	vield/ad	re ²		- 0	Cı	ılls		
seed source		5×6^2			Total	Pct. of total yield	Cracks	Cat- face	Blossom end-rot	Others ⁵
Replicated	Cwt.	Cwt.	Cwt.	Cwt.	Cwt.	Pct.	Pct.	Pct.	Pct.	Pct.
Flora-Dade (Castle) Sunny (Asgrow) Bonnie Nematode Resistant (Bonnie Farms) Tempo (Asgrow) 7718 VF (Petoseed) Calypso (Petoseed) Count (Petoseed) Floramerica (Petoseed) Four Way Hybrid (Four Way Farms) Better Boy VFN (Petoseed) Winner (Asgrow) Big Set (Petoseed) Big Girl (Burpee) Contessa (Petoseed) Walter Villemarie (Petoseed) Duke (Petoseed) AU 76 FMN (Auburn U.) Early Cascade (Petoseed)	552 527 512 503 500 488 454 442 438 415 392 384 380 372 341	129 228 180 199 325 168 109 284 210 220 213 183 200 166 120 143 54	337 285 282 265 166 279 296 155 213 195 183 192 166 187 208 199 189	89 39 65 48 12 53 83 15 19 23 32 40 26 31 52 30 98	174 207 243 285 210 206 203 257 113 181 298 166 142 281 326 286 217	24 27 32 36 29 29 29 36 20 29 41 29 27 42 46 43 39	18 10 14 15 31 19 11 25 36 50 35 27 37 23 15 9 14	20 47 33 45 30 28 37 45 16 16 22 31 21 40 31 56	1 1 1 1 3 1 4 1 0 4 1 2 12 10 1 1 1 2	61 42 52 39 36 52 48 29 48 30 42 40 30 27 53 34 78
Observational PSR 38179 (Petoseed) XP 2032 A (Asgrow) Roadside Red (Agway) Pik-Red Hybrid (Harris) PSR 121275 (Petoseed) PSR 20878 (Petoseed) Spring Set Hybrid (Twilley) Baron (Petoseed)	583 581 428 425 418 355	336 187 143 257 268 252 43 77	229 326 334 149 146 153 213 158	32 70 104 22 11 13 99 61	177 236 207 280 301 241 278 181	23 29 30 40 41 37 44 38	22 14 22 34 13 21 8 5	43 38 12 31 62 57 21 50	2 5 3 1 2 6 1 3	33 43 63 34 23 16 70 42

¹Soil test: P = 330 (VH); K = 160 (H); pH = 5.0. Two and one-half tons limestone applied per acre.

¹Shape rating: 1 = globe, 2 = deep globe, 3 = oblate, 4 = deep oblate, 5 = mixed.

²Firmness rating: 1 = very firm, 2 = firm, 3 = soft.

³Appearance rating: 1 = smooth, 2 = slightly rough, 3 = rough.

⁴Use rating: 1 = home garden, 2 = roadside and other direct marketing, 3 = commercial shipping.

²⁸ Size yields reported here are in accordance with the size standards established by the USDA for the Los Angeles type lug arrangements.

5 × 6 arrangement: minimum diameter 2 11/16 inches, maximum diameter 3 3/16 inches.

6 × 6 arrangement: minimum diameter 2 8/16 inches, maximum diameter 2 14/16 inches.

6 × 7 arrangement: minimum diameter 2 4/16 inches, maximum diameter 2 10/16 inches.

3 While fruits were graded as carefully as possible under field conditions, no rigid effort was made to grade for a strict U. S. No. 1 grade. Fruit. were separated for cull conditions as reported here.

⁴Some fruits in this size arrangement were larger than standard sizes.

Others were mostly tomatoes too small to be marketed in the above sizes. Some were culled because of rots, insect damage, mechanical damage, and misshapen fruits.

⁶Fruits of this variety averaged between 1 and 2 inches in diameter. No size arrangement could be made.

TABLE 10. PLANT HEIGHT AND FRUIT CHARACTERISTICS OF TOMATO VARIETIES, CLANTON, 1981

Variety and	Plant		Fruit		Eye	Suggested
seed source	height	Color	Shape ¹	Firmness ²	appeal ³	use ⁴
	In.					
Sunny (Asgrow)	33	Red	2	2	1	3
Flora-Dade (U. Florida)	36	Red	2	1	1	3
Гетро (Asgrow)	33	Red	2	2	2	1.2
Bigset (Petoseed)	30	Red	3	2	2	1
Bonnie Nematode Resistant (Bonnie Farms)	38	Red	2	3	2	1
Calypso (Petoseed)	29	Red	1	2	1	3
Floramerica (Petoseed)	33	Red	2	3	î	12
Four Way Hybrid (Four Way Farms)	53	Red	1	2	i	3
Count (Petoseed)	40	Red	2	1	î	3
Better Boy VFN (Petoseed)	55	Red	3	3	2	12
Valter Villemarie (Petoseed)	33	Red	2	1	ī	3
Contessa (Petoseed)	49	Red	3	2	1	12
'amiami (Petoseed)	27	Red	2	2	2	12
Vinner (Asgrow)	38	Red	2	2	2	12
Duke (Petoseed)	29	Red	2	2	ī	3
Carly Cascade (Petoseed)	56	Mixed	5	2	1	12
		red & pink		-		1,2

¹Shape rating: 1 = globe, 2 = deep globe, 3 = oblate, 4 = deep oblate, 5 = mixed.
²Firmness rating: 1 = very firm, 2 = firm, 3 = soft.
³Appearance rating: 1 = smooth, 2 = slightly rough, 3 = rough.

TABLE 11. YIELDS FOR STAKED FRESH MARKET TOMATO TRIAL, CULLMAN, 19811

Variety and	Mo	rketable	viold/a	oro2			Cı	ılls		
seed source		5×6^2	*		Total	Pct. of total yield	Cracks	Cat- face	Blossom end-rot	Others ⁵
Replicated	Cwt.	Cwt.	Cwt.	Cwt.	Cwt.	Pct.	Pct.	Pct.	Pct.	Pct.
Flora-Dade (Castle) Sunny (Asgrow) Bonnie Nematode Resistant (Bonnie Farms) Tempo (Asgrow) 7718 VF (Petoseed) Calypso (Petoseed) Count (Petoseed) Floramerica (Petoseed) Four Way Hybrid (Four Way Farms) Better Boy VFN (Petoseed) Winner (Asgrow) Big Set (Petoseed) Big Girl (Burpee) Contessa (Petoseed) Walter Villemarie (Petoseed) Duke (Petoseed) AU 76 FMN (Auburn U.) Early Cascade (Petoseed)	552 527 512 503 500 488 454 442 438 428 415 392 384 380 372 341	129 228 180 199 325 168 109 284 210 220 213 183 200 166 120 143	337 285 282 265 166 279 296 155 213 195 183 192 166 187 208 199 189	89 39 65 48 12 53 83 15 19 23 32 40 26 31 52 30 98	174 207 243 285 210 206 203 257 113 181 298 166 142 281 326 286 217	24 27 32 36 29 29 29 36 20 29 41 29 27 42 46 43 39	18 10 14 15 31 19 11 25 36 50 35 27 37 23 15 9	20 47 33 45 30 28 37 45 16 16 22 31 21 40 31 56 6	1 1 1 1 3 1 4 1 0 4 1 2 12 10 1 1 1 2	61 42 52 39 36 52 48 29 48 30 42 40 30 27 53 34 78
Observational PSR 38179 (Petoseed) XP 2032 A (Asgrow) Roadside Red (Agway) Pik-Red Hybrid (Harris) PSR 121275 (Petoseed) PSR 20878 (Petoseed) Spring Set Hybrid (Twilley) Baron (Petoseed)	597 583 581 428 425 418 355	336 187 143 257 268 252 43 77	229 326 334 149 146 153 213 158	32 70 104 22 11 13 99 61	177 236 207 280 301 241 278 181	23 29 30 40 41 37 44 38	22 14 22 34 13 21 8 5	43 38 12 31 62 57 21 50	2 5 3 1 2 6 1 3	33 43 63 34 23 16 70 42

⁴Use rating: 1 = home garden, 2 = roadside and other direct marketing, 3 = commercial shipping.

¹Soil test: P = 330 (VH); K = 160 (H); pH = 5.0. Two and one-half tons limestone applied per acre.

²Size yields reported here are in accordance with the size standards established by the USDA for the Los Angeles type lug arrangements.

5 × 6 arrangement: minimum diameter 2 11/16 inches, maximum diameter 3 3/16 inches.

6 × 6 arrangement: minimum diameter 2 8/16 inches, maximum diameter 2 14/16 inches.

6 × 7 arrangement: minimum diameter 2 4/16 inches, maximum diameter 2 10/16 inches.

³While fruits were graded as carefully as possible under field conditions, no rigid effort was made to grade for a strict U. S. No. 1 grade. Fruit. were separated for cull conditions as reported here.

4Some fruits in this size arrangement were larger than standard sizes.

Others were mostly tomatoes too small to be marketed in the above sizes. Some were culled because of rots, insect damage, mechanical damage, and misshapen fruits.

⁶Fruits of this variety averaged between 1 and 2 inches in diameter. No size arrangement could be made.

TABLE 12. HARVEST DATES FOR STAKED FRESH MARKET TOMATO TRIAL, CULLMAN, 1980

Variety and							Har	vest da	ates1						
seed source	7/7	7/14	7/17	7/20	7/22	7/24	7/27	7/29	7/31	8/3	8/5	8/7	8/10	8/12	8/14
Replicated															
'lora-Dade (Castle)									- x -	- x -			-		
unny (Asgrow)			-				- X -	-x-	- x -	- X -					
Bonnie Nematode Resistant (Bonnie Farms)							- X -	-x -							
Cempo (Asgrow)							- X -								
718 VF (Petoseed)															1 7 3
Calypso (Petoseed)							- X -		- X -						
Count (Petoseed)							- X -	**							
Floramerica (Petoseed)							- x -	- x -	FE	**					
Four Way Hybrid (Four Way Farms)									_ v _	_ X _					
Better Boy VFN (Petoseed)									A	_ A					
Vinner (Asgrow)								_ v -	- v -	Λ					
Big Set (Petoseed)				1000											
Big Girl (Burpee)															
Valter Villemarie (Petoseed)															
Ouke (Petoseed)							- X -								
U 76 FMN (Auburn U.)							- x -								
Early Cascade (Petoseed)		_ x -	- x -	- x -			21				150				
		21	12	2.5											
Observational															
PSR 38179 (Petoseed)															
(P 2032 A (Asgrow)				**			**		-x-	-x-					
Roadside Red (Agway)			12.	- x -			- X	v							
Pik-Red Hybrid (Harris)							- A -	_ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	v						
PSR 121275 (Petoseed)										_ v -	_ v				
PSR 20878 (Petoseed)				- X -						Λ -	Λ -				
Spring Set Hybrid (Twilley)															

¹X means peak harvest date, the date at which the highest yield occurred. In some varieties, yield was approximately the same for three or four harvest dates.

Variety and seed source	Plant height	Fruit			Eve	Suggested
		Color	Shape ¹	Firmness	appeal ³	use ⁴
	In.					
Replicated						
Flora-Dade (Castle)	42	Red	1	1	1	3
Sunny (Asgrow)	39	Red	2 2	1	1	3
Bonnie Nematode Resistant (Bonnie Farms)	34	Red	2	3	2	1,2
Tempo (Asgrow)	37	Red	3	2	1	3
7718 VF (Petoseed)	48	Red	3	3	3	3
Calypso (Petoseed)	35	Red	2	2	2	1,2
Count (Petoseed)	37	Red	2	1	2	3
Floramerica (Petoseed)	37	Red	2	2	2	1,2
Four Way Hybrid (Four Way Farms)	55	Red	2 2 2 2	1	1	3
Better Boy VFN (Petoseed)	55	Red	2	2	1	1.2
Winner (Asgrow)	40	Red	2	2	2	1
Big Set (Petoseed)	36	Red	2	2	2	1,2
Big Girl (Burpee)	58	Red	2 2	3	2	1
Contessa (Petoseed)	39	Red	2	1	1	1,2
Walter Villemarie (Petoseed)	39	Red	2	2	î	3
Duke (Petoseed)	30	Red	3	ī	2	3
AU 76 FMN (Auburn U.)	52	Red	1	9	2	1,2
Early Cascade (Petoseed)	55	Mixed red-pink	2	2	1	1,2
	00	wined red-pink	2	2		1,2
Observational	20	p. 1	0	2		0.0
PSR 38179 (Petoseed)	38	Red	2	2	1	83
XP 2032 A (Asgrow)	39	Red	2	2	1	1,2
Roadside Red (Agway)	49	Red	2	3	1	1
Pik-Red Hybrid (Harris)	38	Red	3	2	2	1,2 1,2
PSR 121275 (Petoseed)	37	Red	2 3	2	2 2	
PSR 20878 (Petoseed)	40	Red		2		1,2
Spring Set Hybrid (Twilley)	31	Red	3	3	2	1
Baron (Petoseed)	29	Red	3	1	1	3

¹Shape rating: 1=globe, 2=deep globe, 3=oblate, 4=deep oblate, 5=mixed.

²Firmness rating: 1=very firm, 2=firm, 3=soft.

³Appearance rating: 1=smooth, 2=slightly rough, 3=rough.

⁴Use rating: 1=home garden, 2=roadside and other direct marketing, 3=commercial shipping.





