

# AGRICULTURAL EXPERIMENT STATION of The Alabama Polytechnic Institute, Auburn, Ala.

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## TIME of PLANTING COTTON in ALABAMA

Cotton planted a week to 10 days earlier than customary produces higher yields than cotton planted later.

This conclusion is based on results from a number of years experiments with planting dates for cotton carried on at the Tennessee Valley and Sand Mountain substations, and at the Aliceville, Lafayette, Monroeville, and Prattville experiment fields.

According to results from these experiments most farmers could increase their cotton yields by planting a week to 10 days earlier than they usually do. On most soils cotton planting should be completed by or before the date that is usually considered normal planting time.

The middle dates in these time-of-planting experiments are assumed to be near the usual or customary cotton planting time of the areas in which the tests are located. Planting earlier resulted in higher yields of seed cotton than those from cotton planted at the usual time at five of the six locations.

Late planted cotton sometimes produces fair to good yields. However this is an exception rather than a rule. For example the yield of cotton planted at Aliceville on May 10 equalled that planted on April 10 only once in 9 years. In 2 of the 9 years the late planted cotton produced less than 10 per cent as much as the early planted. At the Lafayette Field late planted cotton produced equally as well as the early planted crop only 2 out of 8 years; on the other hand in 2 other years the yield was less than one-half that of the early planted cotton. Thus, it may be seen that the yields from late planting are not as dependable.

\*Formerly Mimeograph Series.

Time of Planting Cotton in Alabama<sup>1</sup>

LOCATION	YEARS	AVERAGE PLANTING DATE	AVERAGE YIELD SEED COTTON PER ACRE
			Pounds
Tennessee Valley Substation (Usual planting time, last week in April)	1939-46*	April 11	1,710
	1939-46*	April 27	1,689
	1939-46*	May 14	1,385
Sand Mountain Substation (Usual planting time, last week in April)	1939-42	April 16	1,992
	1939-42	April 30	1,696
	1939-42	May 13	1,597
Aliceville Field  (Usual planting time, last 10 days of April)	1939-46	March 31	1,624
	1938-46	April 10	1,658
	1938-46	April 20	1,547
	1938-46	April 30	1,448
	1938-46	May 10	1,036
Lafayette Field (Usual planting time, mid-April)	1939-46	April 2	1,187
	1939-46	April 15	1,126
	1939-46	May 1	887
Monroeville Field (Usual planting time, early April)	1939-43 & 46**	March 26	816
	1939-43 & 46**	April 9	791
	1939-43 & 46**	April 28	522
Prattville Field (Usual planting time, second week of April)	1939-46	March 27	1,193
	1939-46	April 10	1,206
	1939-46	April 29	1,095

\*Test incomplete in 1942, result omitted.

\*\*No data in 1944 and 1945, test destroyed by hail both years.

<sup>1</sup> Experiment conducted by H. R. Benford, F. E. Bertram, R. C. Christopher, S. E. Gissendanner, J. W. Richardson, and Fred Stewart of the Experiment Station staff.

Tests at Tennessee Valley, Sand Mountain, Monroeville, and Prattville planted and used in cooperative planter tests by I. F. Reed, Division of Agricultural Engineering, B.P.I.S. and E., U.S.D.A.