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PERFORMANCE OF RED CLOVER VARIETIES IN ALABAMA

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Red clover is a short-lived but productive perennial forage legume that is more tolerant of soil acidity than alfalfa. It remains productive for 2 years in northern Alabama but may persist only 1 year on sandy soils in southern Alabama where nematodes are a serious problem. Red clover, unlike crimson or arrowleaf, is not a dependable natural reseeder. Diseases such as southern anthracnose and powdery mildew can be serious problems, and improved disease resistance is needed in new varieties.

Red clover is an excellent plant for overseeding tall fescue sod as it provides high quality grazing well into midsummer and often into autumn. It can also be planted on prepared land either in a pure stand for hay production or in mixtures with small grains and ryegrass where a long grazing season is desired.

Five red clover variety trials were conducted in Alabama during the years 1977-80. Red clover entries were planted in rows 6 inches apart using plots 4 x 20 feet with 4 replications. The tests were planted in late September or early October and harvested with a flail-type harvester 2 to 4 times each year. A sample of green forage was collected from each plot at each harvest and was oven dried for dry matter determination.

<u>I</u>/Respectively, Professor (resigned) and Associate Professor (resigned), Department of Agronomy and Soils; Superintendent and Assistant Superintendent, Tennessee Valley Substation; Superintendent, Upper Coastal Plain Substation; Superintendent and Associate Superintendent, Sand Mountain Substation; Superintendent and Associate Superintendent, Plant Breeding Unit; and Superintendent and Associate Superintendent, Black Belt Substation.

Red clover entries in the trials were as follows:

- Kenland Developed by the Kentucky Agricultural Experiment Station and USDA. This persistent variety, highly resistant to southern anthracnose, was released in 1947.
- Kenstar Released by the Kentucky Agricultural Experimental Station and USDA in 1973. This somewhat later maturing variety has greater persistence and more resistance to virus diseases than Kenland.
- Redland This southern anthracnose-resistant variety with tolerance to powdery mildew and northern anthracnose was developed at the University of Illinois and is marketed by North American Plant Breeders, Ames, Iowa.
- Redman This variety was selected for improved persistence by Farmers Forage Research in Indiana.
- Redmor A variety selected for resistance to southern anthracnose and powdery mildew. Marketed by Huffman Seed Co., in Pennsylvania.
- Tristan Selected for persistence. Resistant to northern but not southern anthracnose. Marketed by Stanford Seed Co., Buffalo, New York.
- Florie Good resistance to powdery mildew, northern and southern anthracnose. Late maturing. Adapted for use in southeastern United States. Northrup King Co., Minneapolis, Minnesota.
- Mega Resistant to northern and southern anthracnose, good resistance to powdery mildew. Northrup King Co., Minneapolis, Minnesota.
- K8-110, K8-112, and K4-183 Unreleased experimental red clovers developed by Northrup King Co., Minneapolis, Minnesota.
- RHA-1 Local ecotype of red clover that has reseeded for many years on the Richard H. Arrington farm near Montgomery, Alabama.

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RESULTS

Red clover is well adapted to northern Alabama. At the Tennessee Valley Substation the top yielding red clover varieties the first year were K4-183, K8-110, and Redland, table 1. Florie, Tristan, Kenstar, and Redmor also performed well. During the second year, the highest producing entries were K4-183, Kenland, Kenstar, Florie, Mega, and K8-110, table 2. RHA-1 was the lowest yielding entry both years, table 1. There was considerable difference among entries in spring production.

Forage yields were especially high the first year at the Sand Mountain Substation in northeast Alabama, ranging from 3 to 5 tons per acre, table 3. Although numerical differences among entries were large, there were few significant differences. Yields declined the second year, a result of severe drought, table 4. Again, there were few differences among varieties.

At the Upper Coastal Plain Substation in northwestern Alabama, firstyear yields were somewhat lower than at other northern Alabama locations, table 5. Some varieties, particularly Redman and Redmor, made especially early growth. Total yields were similar for most varieties. Second-year yields showed Kenland and Kenstar as top producers, table 6.

Red clover yields were somewhat lower and stand persistence was reduced at locations further south in Alabama. Forage yields at the Plant Breeding Unit in central Alabama on a sandy loam soil were about 2 to 2½ tons per acre, tables 7 and 8. Kenstar was the top producer both years. Second-year production was only about one-half that of the top yielders. Good second-year production is an indication that a particular variety may be more disease and/or nematode resistant.

Second-year yields at the Black Belt Substation in west central Alabama were sharply reduced on many varieties, tables 9 and 10. K8-110, Redland,

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and Florie were the most productive entries the second season. The poor persistance of RHA-1 was evident the second year. Its yield was less than half that of the first year. Powdery mildew was severe on this entry. Twoyear average forage yields at all locations show that the top entries were K8-110, Kenstar, K4-183, and Florie, table 11. The differences among entries become more pronounced when average yields for only the second year are considered. Varieties having the highest second-year production were Kenstar, K8-110, K4-183, Florie, and Kenland.

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Red clover variety trials were conducted for 2 years at five locations in northern and central Alabama.

Forage yields were generally higher in northern than central Alabama. Most varieties gave acceptable forage yields during the first year. Red clover entries having the highest second-year forage yields were Kenstar, K8-110, K4-183, Florie, and Kenland.

iety	Dry forage per acre								
1009									
	April 27	June 9	July 6	August 23	Total				
	<u>Lb</u> .	Lb.	Lb.	Lb.	Lb.				
-183	1,935 ab*	1,879 a.	2,201 a	942 bc	6,957 a				
-110	2,184 a	1,837 ab	2,009 a	868 bc	6,888 a				
dland	1,840 ab	1,652 bc	1,927 abc	967 bc	6,386 ab				
orie	1,323 cd	1,720 ab	2,007 ab	1,096 Ъ	6,216 bc				
istan	1,668 bc	1,731 ab	2,034 abc	720 c	6,153 bc				
nstar	1,455 cd	1,695 ab	2,075 ab	904 Ъс	6,129 bc				
dmor	1,864 ab	1,511 cd	1,850 abc	831 bc	6,056 bc				
dman	1,363 cd	.1,495 cd	1,858 abc	877 bc	5,593 cd				
-112	1,395 cd	1,484 cd	1,696 cd	1,000 bc	5,575 cd				
ga	1,238 d	1,272 e	1,822 bc	988 Ъс	5,320 d				
nland	777 e	1,133 e	1,435 de	1,355 a	4,700 e				
A-1	860 e	1,455 d	1,319 de	995 Ъс	4,629 e				
., percent	16	8	11	18	7				

le 1. First-year forage yield of red clover varieties at Tennessee Valley Substation, Belle Mina, Alabama, 1978

*Means within a column followed by the same letter are not significantly different the 5 percent level.

Planted: September 14, 1977.

Table 2. Second-year forage yield of red clover varieties at Tennessee Valley Substation, Belle Mina, Alabama 1979

Variety	Dry forage per acre									
	May 11	June 18	July 18	August 10	Total					
	Lb.	Lb.	Lb.	Lb.	Lb.					
K4-183 Kenland Kenstar Florie Mega K8-110 Redman K8-112 Redland Tristan Redmor RHA-1	3,360 a*	2,675 ab	827 a	601 abc	7,463 a					
	2,976 abc	2,806 a	717 abc	566 abc	7,065 ab					
	2,873 abcd	2,735 a	790 ab	652 ab	7,050 ab					
	3,063 ab	2,692 ab	674 bc	569 abc	6,998 ab					
	2,857 abcd	2,550 abc	698 abc	686 a	6,791 abc					
	2,634 bcd	2,526 abc	717 abc	637 abc	6,514 abcd					
	2,704 abcd	2,214 bc	584 c	531 abc	6,033 bcd					
	2,427 bcd	2,077 c	692 abc	581 abc	5,777 cde					
	2,469 bcd	2,166 bc	667 bc	453 c	5,755 cde					
	2,322 cd	2,065 c	617 c	580 abc	5,584 de					
	2,220 d	2,101 c	641 c	563 abc	5,525 de					
	2,492 bcd	1,245 d	463 d	475 bc	4,675 e					
C.V., percent	16	13	12	19	12					

*Means within a column followed by the same letter are not significantly different at the 5 percent level.

Planted: September 14, 1977.

Variety	Dry forage per acre							
	April 27	June 26	August 8	September 12	Total			
	Lb.	Lb.	Lb.	Lb.	Lb.			
K8-112	2,765 a*	4,714 a	1,713 a	927 a	10.110 a			
Mega	2,545 a	4,449 a	1,508 a	752 ab	9.254 ab			
K8-110	2,373 a	4,408 a	1,570 a	874 ab	9,225 ab			
Florie	2,595 a	4,507 a	1,338 a	710 ab	9,150 ab			
Kenstar	2,659 a	4,279 a	1,316 a	788 ab	9,042 ab			
K4-183	2,202 a	4,354 a	1,490 a	686 ab	8,732 ab			
Redmor	1,805 a	4,102 a	1,477 a	824 ab	8,208 ab			
Redman	2,191 a	3,973 a	1,276 a	708 ab	8,148 ab			
Tristan	1,728 a	3,983 a	1,392 a		7,872 ab			
RHA-1	2,400 a	3,606 a	1,089 ab	591 abc	7,686 ab			
Redland	2,081 a	3,732 a	1,124 ab	533 bc	7,470 ab			
Kenland	1,807 a	3,350 a	495 Ъ	351 c	6,003 Ъ			
C.V., percent	39	26	35	39	27			

Table 3. First-year forage yield of red clover varieties at Sand MountainSubstation, Crossville, Alabama 1979

*Means within a column followed by the same letter are not significantly different at the 5 percent level.

Planted: October 8, 1978.

17	Dry forage per acre							
variety	May 7	June 19	August 8	Total				
	Lb.	Lb.	Lb.	Lb.				
к8-110	3,541 a*	2,405 a	243 a	6,189 a				
Kenstar	3,362 a	2,186 ab	235 a	5,783 a				
Redmor	3,248 a	2,247 a	272 a	5,767 a				
к8-112	3,001 ab	2,250 a	246 a	5,497 a				
Tristan	3,087 ab	2,139 ab	186 ab	5,412 ab				
Redman	3,026 ab	2,059 ab	231 a	5,316 ab				
Florie	2,876 ab	2,248 a	192 ab	5,316 ab				
Mega	2,855 ab	2,165 ab	186 ab	5,206 ab				
K4-183	2,964 ab	1,993 ab	234 a	5,191 ab				
RHA-1	2,967 ab	1,993 ab	194 ab	5,094 ab				
Redland	2,724 ab	1,938 ab	174 ab	4,836 ab				
Kenland	2,118 Ъ	1,606 Ъ	83 Ъ	З,807 Ъ				
C.V., percent	22	18	36	19				

Table 4. Second-year forage yield of red clover varieties at Sand Mountain Substation, Crossville, Alabama, 1980

*Means within a column followed by the same letter are not significantly different at the 5 percent level.

Planted: October 8, 1978.

Variety	Dry forage per acre							
_	April 14	May 25	June 23	August 11	Total			
	<u>Lb</u> .	<u>Lb</u> .	Lb.	Lb.	Lb.			
K8-110 Redland Redman K4-183 Florie Kenstar Redmor Tristan	1,140 abc* 1,170 ab 1,346 a 1,117 abc 1,035 abc 897 bc 1,233 ab 914 abc	1,616 a 1,591 a 1,510 a 1,574 a 1,541 a 1,394 a 1,317 a 1,531 a	2,089 a 1,936 ab 1,782 ab 1,861 ab 1,954 ab 2,120 a 1,806 ab 1,967 ab	239 abcde 286 abc 219 bcde 237 bcde 256 abcd 292 abc 148 ef 80 f	5,084 a 4,983 ab 4,857 ab 4,789 ab 4,786 ab 4,703 abc 4,504 abc 4,492 abc			
Mega K8-112 RHA-1 Kenland	833 bc 930 bc 971 bc 796 c	1,411 a 1,400 a 1,400 a 1,174 a	1,788 ab 1,808 ab 1,605 b 1,630 b	312 ab 198 cde 169 def 346 a	4,384 abc 4,336 abc 4,145 bc 3,946 c			
C.V., percent	21	20	12	28	11			

Table 5. First-year forage yield of red clover varieties at Upper Coastal Plain Substation, Winfield, Alabama, 1979

• *Means within a column followed by the same letter are not significantly different at the 5 percent level.

Planted: September 13, 1977.

Table 6. Second-year forage yield of red clover varieties at Upper Coastal Plain Substation, Winfield, Alabama, 1980

Variety	Dry forage per acre									
Ā	pril	11	May	5	June 2	1	August 1	L6	Total	
	<u>Lb</u>	•	Lb		Lb.		Lb		Lb.	
Kenland	563	a*	613	.C	2,558	abc	2,474	а	6,208	а
Kenstar	604	a	893	Ъ	2,906	a	1,783	Ъ	6,186	a
к4-183	·653	a	837	bc	2,597	abc	1,731	Ъ	5,818	ab
к8-110	556	a	803	bc	2,813	ab	1,588	Ъ	5,760	ab
Florie	338	bcde	1,112	а	2,472	abc	1,742	Ъ	5,664	abc
Redland	439	abcd	813	bc	2,499	abc	1,795	Ъ	5,546	abc
Mega	452	abcd	912	Ъ	2,342	abc	1,802	Ъ	5,508	abc
Redmor	465	abc	687	bc	2,760	abc	1,559	Ъ	5,471	abc
Redman	524	ab	665	С	2,342	abc	1,688	Ъ	5,219	abc
RHA-1	231	dc	742	bc	2,352	abc	1,573	Ъ	4,898	bc
к8-112	290	cde	807	Ъс	2,132	abc	1,450	Ъ	4,679	bc
Tristan	224	е	808	Ъс	2,069	abc	1,337	Ъ	4,430	С
C.V., percent.	30		17		17		30		14	

*Means within a column followed by the same letter are not significantly at the 5 percent level.

Planted: September 13, 1977.

Variety		Dry fo	Dry forage per acre				
May 5		June 1	L2	August	: 22	Total	
Lb.		Lb.		Lb.	•	Lb.	
Kenstar 1,868 al	oc*	1,658	ab	1,389	abc	4,915	а
Redman 1,952 al	b	1,602	abc	1,308	bcd	4,862	a
Redland 1,798 al	bc	1,729	a	1,157	bcde	4,684	аb
K4-183 1,779 bo	2	1,428	abc	1,436	ab	4,643	ab
Florie 1,709 bo	c	1,623	abc	1,093	cde	4,425	abc
K8-110 1,668 bo	c	1,546	abc	1,190	bcd	4,404	abc
Redmor 2,029 al	Ь	1,268	C	1,057	de	4,354	abc
Mega 1,665 bo	C	1,332	Ъс	1,060	de	4,057	bc
K8-112 1,586 c		1,333	Ъс	873	e	3,792	с
C.V., percent. 12		15		16		12	

Table 7. First-year forage yield of red clover varieties at Plant Breeding Unit, Tallassee, Alabama, 1978

*Means in a column followed by the same letter are not significantly different at the 5 percent level.

Planted: September 27, 1977.

Table 8. Second-year forage yield of red clover varieties at Plant Breeding Unit, Tallassee, Alabama, 1979

Variety -	Dry forage yield per acre						
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	May 8			June 1	L5	Total	
Kenstar K8-110 K4-183 Redland Florie Redman Mega Redmor K8-112	Lb. 2,897 2,682 2,135 2,039 1,520 1,809 1,394 1,503 1,125	a* a ab ab b b b b		<u>Lb.</u> 2,032 2,030 2,200 1,792 1,708 1,297 1,392 1,221 1,357	ab ab abc abc c bc c bc c bc	Lb. 4,929 a 4,712 ab 4,335 ab 3,831 ab 3,228 bc 3,106 bc 2,786 c 2,724 c 2,482 c	
C.V., percent	46			26		40	

*Means within a column followed by the same letter are not significantly different at the 5 percent level.

Planted: September 27, 1977.

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Variety	Dry forage per acre								
May 17	June 23	July 20	Total						
Lb.	<u>Lb</u> .	Lb.	Lb.						
K-110 3,092 a*	2,108 ab	678 a	5,878 a						
K4-183 2,747 a	2,199 a	745 a	5,691 ab						
Kenstar 2,904 a	2,057 abc	591 ab	5,552 ab						
RHA-1 3,150 a	1,938 abc	416 Ъ	5,504 ab						
Redland 2,864 a	1,819 bcd	638 a	5,321 ab						
Florie 2,801 a	1,730 cd	670 a	5,201 ab						
Kenland 2,891 a	1,572 d	582 ab	5,045 ab						
Redmor 2,862 a	1,551 d	577 ab	4,990 Ъ						
Redman 2,530 a	1,783 bcd	666 a	4,979 Ъ						
Mega 2,697 a	1,563 d	680 a	4,940 Ъ						
K8-112 2,807 a	1,493 d	627 a	4,927 ъ						
Tristan 2,697 a	1,525 d	605 a	4,827 Ъ						
C.V., percent 14	12	19	10						

Table 9. First-year forage yield of red clover varieties at Black Belt Substation, Marion Junction, Alabama, 1978

*Means within a column followed by the same letter are not significantly different at the 5 percent level.

Planted: September 15, 1977.

Table 10. Second-year forage yield of red clover varieties at Black Belt Substation, Marion Junction, Alabama, 1979

Variety	Dry forage per acre							
	May 11 June 14		July 13	Total				
	Lb.	Lb.	Lb.	Lb.				
к8-110	2,186 a*	1,323 ab	5 <u>9</u> 4 ab	4,103 a				
Redland	2,083 a	1,533 a	482 abc	4,098 a				
Florie	2,162 a	1,223 ab	628 ab	4,013 a				
К4-183	1,841 a	1,171 ab	679 a	3,691 ab				
Mega	1,690 a	1,188 ab	658 a	3,536 ab				
Kenstar	1,907 a	998 bc	552 abc	3,457 ab				
Redman	2,154 a	849 bc	421 bc	3,424 ab				
Tristan	1,787 a	963 bc	548 abc	3,298 ab				
к8-112	1,752 a	988 Ъс	549 abc	3,289 ab				
Redmor	1,924 a	525 c	548 abc	2,997 ab				
Kenland	1,497 a	913 bc	582 ab	2,992 ab				
RHA-1	1,414 a	570 c	367 c	2,351 Ъ				

C.V., percent...

*Means within a column followed by the same letter are not significantly different at the 5 percent level.

Planted: September 15, 1977.

	Dry forage yield per acre									
Variety	Upper Coastal Plain Sub•	Tenn Valley Sub•	Sand Mountain Sub.	Plant Breeding Unit	Black Belt Sub.	Two-year average, all locations	Second year average, all locations			
	Lb.	Lb.	<u>Lb</u> .	Lb.	<u>Lb</u> .	Lb.	Lb.			
K8-110 Kenstar K4-183 Florie Redland Redmor Mega Redman K8-112 Tristan Kenland RHA-1	5,420 5,440 5,220 5,260 4,990 4,950 5,040 4,510 4,460 5,080 4,520	6,700 6,560 7,210 6,630 6,070 5,790 6,050 5,810 5,810 5,880 5,880 4,630	7,710 7,410 6,960 7,240 6,150 6,980 7,230 6,730 7,810 6,640 4,910 6,390	4,560 4,920 4,490 3,830 4,260 4,354 3,420 3,980 3,140	4,990 4,500 4,690 4,610 4,710 3,990 4,240 4,200 4,110 4,060 4,020 3,920	5,880 5,770 5,730 5,510 5,290 5,220 5,180 5,150 5,050 5,260* 4,970* 4,870*	5,460 5,480 5,300 5,040 4,810 4,500 4,500 4,590 4,340 4,680* 5,020* 4,250*			

Table 11. Two-year average forage yield and second-year average forage yield of red clover varieties at five locations in Alabama

*Average of four locations.

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Information contained herein is available to all regardless of race, color, sex, or national origin